



Downtown Miami Population

2014 Demographics Report

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Executive Summary

Miami is the most unique community in the State of Florida. Beginning in 2005, Greater Downtown began to emerge as a live, work, and play destination. Looking toward the City of Miami from the waters of Biscayne Bay, Downtown Miami arches over the waterway reaching toward the sky. Numerous developments have carved a remarkable skyline in a few short years puncutating the surrounding monotonous low-density development. The Miami Downtown Development Authority presides over this dynamic urban center with its mission to grow, strengthen, and promote the economic health and vitality of Downtown Miami. The following summarizes briefly the contents of the report.



POPULATION

Since 2000, the population of Downtown Miami has increased dramatically.

- Population Estimate 2014: 80,750
- % Increase from 2000 Census: 99.6%
- Population Projection 2019: 92,519

Downtown Miami has become a dense, urban neighborhood with a large daily influx of workers and visitors.

- Density: 21,250 people per square mile
- Daytime Population: 222,000

The population of Downtown Miami represents a large number of young, educated, working professionals.

- Population Age 25-44 Estimate 2014: 36,931
- % Population Age 25-44: 46%
- % Population Age 25+ with a College Degree: 58%

HOUSEHOLDS

Since 2000, the number of households in Downtown Miami has more than doubled.

- Households Estimate 2014: 41,773
- % Increase from 2000 Census: 133.8%
- Households with Families: 15,790
- Households with Families with Children: 8,442

MIGRATION

Miami continues to attract a large number of in-migrants from across the country and world.

- Miami-Dade County Annual Domestic In-Migrants 2012: 62,518
- % Miami-Dade County Population Foreign-Born 2012: 51.2%

INCOME

Income levels in Downtown Miami significantly exceed those of the City of Miami and Miami-Dade County.

- 2014 Per Capita Income Estimate: \$49,802
- 2014 Median Household Income Estimate: \$65,311



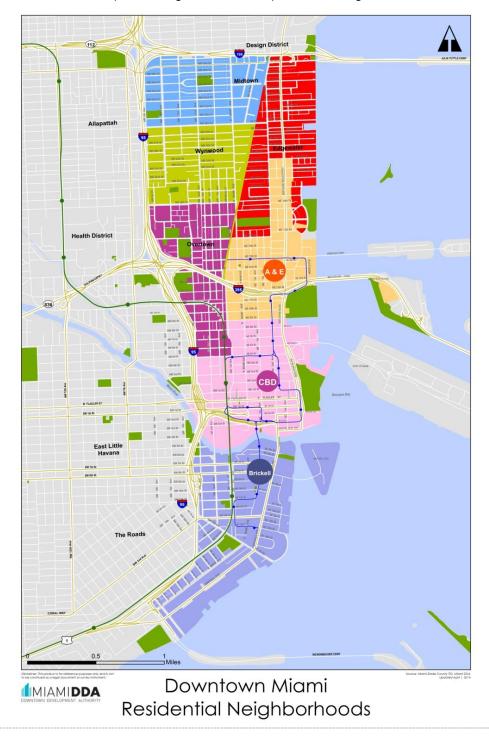
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Greater Downtown

Greater Downtown constitutes an area about 3.8 square miles in size, well-situated between Interstate 95 on the west and Biscayne Bay on the east, the Julia Tuttle Causeway on the north and the Rickenbacker Causeway on the south. The urban core of Greater Downtown represents the Miami Downtown Development Authority (DDA), and constitutes three neighborhoods: the financial center of Brickell, the Central Business District (CBD), and the Arts & Entertainment District. The rest of Greater Downtown is made up of the neighborhoods of Wynwood and Edgewater, as well as historic Overtown.

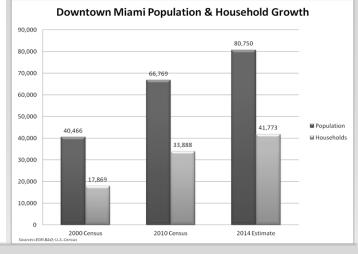




Population and Household Growth

Population

Downtown Miami's population is growing at a particularly rapid pace. Since 2000, the population has doubled from 40,466 to 80,750. The heaviest growth has been within the urban core. Brickell recorded a 151.8% increase in population between 2000 and 2014 from 12,904 to 32,489 people. The CBD has grown tremendously as a residential neighborhood, with its population almost tripling from 4,901 to 14,358, an increase of 193.0% since 2000. The Arts & Entertainment District also more than doubled its population, growing from 4,342 to 11,622 people, an increase of 167.7%. Meanwhile, the fastest growth was in the CBD, which maintained an average annual growth rate of 8.0% compared to a 5.1% figure for Greater Downtown.



Population Trends in Greater Downtown

| AREA | 2000 CENSUS | 2010 CENSUS | 2014 ESTIMATE | 2019 PROJECTION |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| BRICKELL | 12,904 | 26,472 | 32,489 | 37,087 |
| CBD | 4,901 | 11,108 | 14,358 | 17,228 |
| ARTS & ENTERTAINMENT | 4,432 | 9,079 | 11,622 | 13,858 |
| WYNWOOD/EDGEWATER | 11,319 | 13,374 | 15,434 | 17,204 |
| OVERTOWN | 7,000 | 6,736 | 6,847 | 7,142 |
| GREATER DOWNTOWN | 40,466 | 66,769 | 80,750 | 92,519 |

| AREA | 20 | 00-2010 | 201 | 2010-2014 | | 4-2019 |
|------------------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|
| | % Change | Avg. Annual Growth | % Change | Avg. Annual Growth | % Change | Avg. Annual Growth |
| BRICKELL | 105.1% | 10.5% | 22.7% | 5.7% | 14.2% | 2.8% |
| CBD | 126.6% | 12.7% | 29.3% | 7.3% | 20.0% | 4.0% |
| ARTS & ENTERTAINMENT | 109.1% | 10.9% | 28.0% | 7.0% | 19.2% | 3.8% |
| WYNWOOD/EDGEWATER | 18.2% | 1.8% | 15.4% | 3.9% | 11.5% | 2.3% |
| OVERTOWN | -3.8% | -0.4% | 1.6% | 0.4% | 4.3% | 0.9% |
| GREATER DOWNTOWN | 65.0% | 6.5% | 20.9% | 5.2% | 14.6% | 2.9% |
| Sources: ESRI BAO; Miami DDA | | | | | | |



Households

The number of households in Greater Downtown more than doubled from 17,869 in 2000 to 41,773 in 2014, a 133.8% increase. Following population trends, the strongest growth in households has been in the urban core. Brickell gained the greatest number of households, increasing from 7,107 to 18,338 households between 2000 and 2014. Meanwhile, the number of households in the Arts & Entertainment District more than tripled from 2,151 to 6,725 between 2000 and 2014 and the number of households in the CBD more than quadrupled from 1,712 to 7,482. The fastest growth in households occurred in the CBD, with a 24.1% average annual growth rate.

| Household Trends in Greater Downtown | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| AREA | 2000 CENSUS | 2010 CENSUS | 2014 ESTIMATE | 2019 ESTIMATE | | | | | |
| BRICKELL | 7,107 | 14,945 | 18,338 | 20,979 | | | | | |
| CBD | 1,712 | 5,393 | 7,482 | 9,189 | | | | | |
| ARTS AND ENTERTAINMENT | 2,151 | 5,248 | 6,725 | 8,052 | | | | | |
| WYNWOOD/EDGEWATER | 4,425 | 5,842 | 6,756 | 7,564 | | | | | |
| OVERTOWN | 2,474 | 2,460 | 2,472 | 2,574 | | | | | |
| GREATER DOWNTOWN | 17,869 | 33,888 | 41,773 | 48,358 | | | | | |

| AREA | 200 | 00-2010 | 201 | 0-2014 | 2014-2019 | | |
|----------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|--|
| | % Change | Avg. Annual Growth | % Change | Avg. Annual Growth | % Change | Avg. Annual Growth | |
| BRICKELL | 110.3% | 11.0% | 22.7% | 5.7% | 14.4% | 2.9% | |
| CBD | 215.0% | 21.5% | 38.7% | 9.7% | 22.8% | 4.6% | |
| ARTS & ENTERTAINMENT | 144.0% | 14.4% | 28.1% | 7.0% | 19.7% | 3.9% | |
| WYNWOOD/EDGEWATER | 32.0% | 3.2% | 15.6% | 3.9% | 12.0% | 2.4% | |
| OVERTOWN | -0.6% | -0.1% | 0.5% | 0.1% | 4.1% | 0.8% | |
| GREATER DOWNTOWN | 89.6% | 9.0% | 23.3% | 5.8% | 15.8% | 3.2% | |

Sources: ESRI BAO; Miami DDA

Greater Downtown is growing at a much faster rate than the City of Miami. Between 2000 and 2014, Greater Downtown's population grew 7.1% annually, compared to 1.2% for the City of Miami. During the same time, the number of households in Greater Downtown increased by 9.6% annually, compared to 1.9% for the City of Miami. As a result, Greater Downtown continues to represent an increasing proportion of the City of Miami's population and households. In 2000, Greater Downtown represented 11% of the City of Miami's population, a figure that has increased to 19% today. Meanwhile, households in Greater Downtown have risen from 13% of the City of Miami's total number of households to 25% today.

| Population and Household Trends in the City of Miami | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|--------------------|---------|----------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| YEAR | | POPULATIO | S | | | | | | | |
| | # | % Change | Avg. Annual Growth | # | % Change | Avg. Annual Growth | | | | |
| 2000 CENSUS | 361,797 | | | 134,094 | | | | | | |
| 2010 CENSUS | 399,457 | 10.4% | 1.0% | 158,317 | 18.1% | 1.8% | | | | |
| 2014 ESTIMATE | 423,747 | 6.1% | 1.5% | 169,378 | 7.0% | 1.7% | | | | |
| Sources: ESRI BAO; Miami DDA | | | | | | | | | | |



Recent Growth

Despite the global economic slowdown and concurrent effects on economic mobility, population growth in Downtown Miami has been steady. However, growth has occurred at a slightly slower pace than before the recession due to the slowdown in new residential development. Between 2010 and 2014, the population of Greater Downtown increased by 13,981 with an average annual growth of 4.9%, compared to 5.1% from 2000 to 2010. With the exception of Wynwood/Edgewater, all Downtown neighborhoods saw slower average annual growth between 2010 and 2014 than between 2000 and 2010. However, average annual growth across Greater Downtown remained at least two percentage points higher than for the City of Miami as a whole, which saw 1.5% average annual growth from 2010 to 2014.

Household growth in Greater Downtown has remained strong at 5.8% average annual growth, more than four percentage points higher than the City of Miami. The most significant growth continues to occur within the urban core, with Brickell, the CBD, and the Arts & Entertainment district all recording over 5.0% annual growth during this period. Together, these three neighborhoods represent 78% of all households in Greater Downtown.



Population and household growth has largely been absorbed into housing units that were completed in the previous residential real estate cycle that ended in 2010. Only two projects have been completed since that cycle, yet strong population and household growth continues to occur in Greater Downtown¹. These trends indicate that vacancies are being filled in the existing inventory. As these units approach maximum occupancy, the demand for additional residential real estate has been spurred and new construction has commenced to allow for future growth.

¹ Greater Downtown Miami Residential Real Estate Market Study by Integra Realty Resources



Population and Household Characteristics

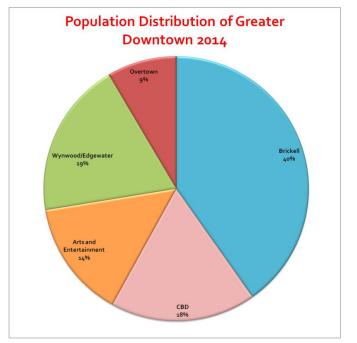
Population Distribution

By 2014, Brickell represented 40% of the population of Greater Downtown, compared to 32% in 2000. Meanwhile, the CBD and the Arts & Entertainment District grew in proportion from 12% to 18% and 11% to 14% of Downtown's population, respectively. Wynwood/Edgewater declined from 28% of the population to 19% during this same period, though still registered an increase of 4,115 people, a change of 36.4% from its 2000 population.

Household Size

As growth in households has outpaced population growth in Greater Downtown, the size of resident households has decreased. The average household size in Greater Downtown has decreased from 2.26 persons per household in 2000 to 1.93 persons today. The sharpest decrease was in the CBD, dropping from 2.86 persons per household in 2000 to 1.92 persons today. These trends reflect a significant change in the population composition of Greater Downtown.

Household Composition



| Household Size in Greater Downtown | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2010 Census | 2014 Estimate | | | | | | | |
| Brickell | 1.71 | 1.73 | 1.73 | | | | | | |
| CBD | 2.86 | 2.06 | 1.92 | | | | | | |
| Arts and Entertainment | 2.02 | 1.73 | 1.73 | | | | | | |
| Wynwood/Edgewater | 2.56 | 2.29 | 2.28 | | | | | | |
| Overtown | 2.83 | 2.74 | 2.77 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Greater Downtown | 2.26 | 1.97 | 1.93 | | | | | | |
| Sources: ESRI BAO; U.S. Census | | | | | | | | | |

The composition of households in Greater Downtown has changed significantly as well. In 2014, families constituted only 37.8% of households, down from 44.8% in 2000. This is in contrast to the City of Miami and Miami-Dade County, where families constituted 55.8% and 69.0% of households, respectively. These trends mirror the decrease in average household sizes across Greater Downtown in recent years. Approximately half of all families, representing 8,442 households, were families with children.

| Families | Non-Families | Families | Non-Families | Families | New Temilies |
|----------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | | rannies | Non-Families |
| 36.6% | 63.4% | 62.0% | 38.0% | 70.6% | 29.4% |
| 33.2% | 66.8% | 56.9% | 43.1% | 69.5% | 30.5% |
| 33.0% | 67.0% | 55.8% | 44.2% | 69.0% | 31.0% |
| | 33.2% | 33.2% 66.8% | 33.2% 66.8% 56.9% | 33.2% 66.8% 56.9% 43.1% | 33.2% 66.8% 56.9% 43.1% 69.5% |

Sources: ESRI BAO; Synergos PopStats; Miami DDA



Age Composition

Greater Downtown

The age composition of Greater Downtown reflects the continuing influx of young, working-age professionals. In 2014, there were 36,931 residents between the ages of 25 and 44, representing about 46% of the population. Only about 15% of the population was under the age of 20. The median age of the population was 34.7 years.

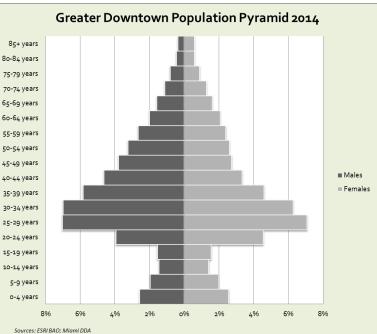
COHORTS

LARGEST

People 25-29 years of age represented the largest cohort among males and females in Greater Downtown.

CHILDREN

The population of children ages o-9 has increased by 28% since 2010.



| | Greater Downtown Population Profile 2014 | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---------|--------|--------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Males | Females | Total | % Male | % Female | | | | | |
| 85+ years | 290 | 464 | 754 | 0.36% | 0.57% | | | | | |
| 8o-84 years | 362 | 479 | 841 | 0.45% | 0.59% | | | | | |
| 75-79 years | 654 | 707 | 1,361 | 0.81% | 0.88% | | | | | |
| 70-74 years | 909 | 1,026 | 1,935 | 1.13% | 1.27% | | | | | |
| 65-69 years | 1,283 | 1,305 | 2,588 | 1.59% | 1.62% | | | | | |
| 6o-64 years | 1,621 | 1,683 | 3,304 | 2.01% | 2.08% | | | | | |
| 55-59 years | 2,138 | 1,926 | 4,064 | 2.65% | 2.39% | | | | | |
| 50-54 years | 2,620 | 2,108 | 4,728 | 3.24% | 2.61% | | | | | |
| 45-49 years | 3,060 | 2,209 | 5,269 | 3.79% | 2.74% | | | | | |
| 40-44 years | 3,733 | 2,698 | 6,431 | 4.62% | 3.34% | | | | | |
| 35-39 years | 4,707 | 3,711 | 8,418 | 5.83% | 4.60% | | | | | |
| 30-34 years | 5,638 | 5,075 | 10,713 | 6.98% | 6.28% | | | | | |
| 25-29 years | 5,661 | 5,708 | 11,369 | 7.01% | 7.07% | | | | | |
| 20-24 years | 3,179 | 3,682 | 6,861 | 3.94% | 4.56% | | | | | |
| 15-19 years | 1,248 | 1,251 | 2,499 | 1.55% | 1.55% | | | | | |
| 10-14 years | 1,165 | 1,140 | 2,305 | 1.44% | 1.41% | | | | | |
| 5-9 years | 1,583 | 1,592 | 3,175 | 1.96% | 1.97% | | | | | |
| o-4 years | 2,067 | 2,068 | 4,135 | 2.56% | 2.56% | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 41,918 | 38,832 | 80,750 | 51.91% | 48.09% | | | | | |
| Sources: ESRI BAO; Synergos Pop. | Stats; Miami DDA | | | | | | | | | |

INTERESTING FACT

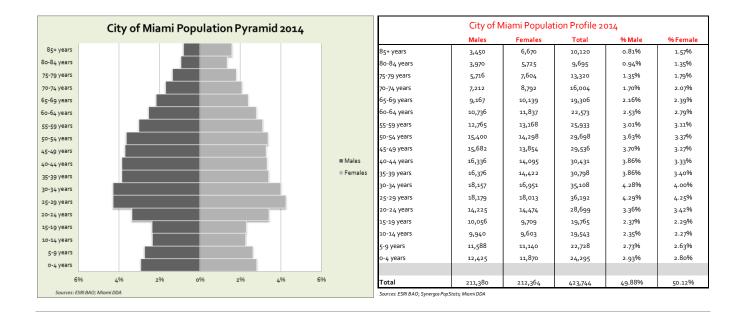
EDUCATION

The population of Greater Downtown is highly educated. According to the 2012 5-year ACS, about 56% of the population ages 25-44 have at least a Bachelor's. Approximately 25% have a Graduate or Professional degree.



City and County

Compared to Greater Downtown, the populations of the City of Miami and Miami-Dade County exhibit a slightly lower percentage of working-age residents and a higher percentage of children. About 38% of the City of Miami's population was between the ages of 25 and 44. About 20% of the city's population was under the age of 20. Meanwhile, approximately 35% of the population of Miami-Dade County was between the ages of 25 and 44, with 24% under the age of 20.



| | Miami-Dade | e County Pop | ulation Profil | e 2014 | | 1 | /liami-D | ade Count | v Popu | lation P | vramid 2 | 01/ | |
|-------------|------------|--------------|----------------|--------|----------|------------------|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|-----|-----------|
| | Males | Females | Total | % Male | % Female | | | | ., | | | | |
| 85+ years | 17,586 | 33,559 | 51,145 | 0.68% | 1.30% | 85+ years | | | | | | | |
| 8o-84 years | 20,701 | 30,909 | 51,610 | 0.80% | 1.20% | 80-84 years | | | | | | | |
| 75-79 years | 30,560 | 41,697 | 72,257 | 1.18% | 1.62% | 75-79 years | | | | | | | |
| 70-74 years | 40,197 | 51,739 | 91,936 | 1.56% | 2.00% | 70-74 years | | | | | | | |
| 65-69 years | 52,510 | 63,616 | 116,126 | 2.03% | 2.46% | 65-69 years | | | | | | | |
| 60-64 years | 63,957 | 75,368 | 139,325 | 2.48% | 2.92% | 60-64 years | | | | | _ | | |
| 55-59 years | 76,555 | 85,769 | 162,324 | 2.97% | 3.32% | 55-59 years | | | | | | | |
| 50-54 years | 92,438 | 97,966 | 190,404 | 3.58% | 3.79% | 50-54 years | | | _ | | | | |
| 45-49 years | 92,576 | 93,364 | 185,940 | 3.59% | 3.62% | 45-49 years | | | _ | | | | ■ Males |
| 40-44 years | 93,199 | 93,957 | 187,156 | 3.61% | 3.64% | 40-44 years | | _ | | | | | = Females |
| 35-39 years | 83,264 | 85,497 | 168,761 | 3.23% | 3.31% | 35-39 years | | | | | | | - remains |
| 30-34 years | 88,937 | 90,801 | 179,738 | 3.45% | 3.52% | 30-34 years | | | | | | | |
| 25-29 years | 96,829 | 97,403 | 194,232 | 3.75% | 3.77% | 25-29 years | | | | | | | |
| 20-24 years | 90,837 | 89,637 | 180,474 | 3.52% | 3.47% | 20-24 years | | | | | | | |
| 15-19 years | 80,252 | 76,127 | 156,379 | 3.11% | 2.95% | 15-19 years | | _ | | | | | |
| 10-14 years | 77,482 | 73,863 | 151,345 | 3.00% | 2.86% | 10-14 years | | | | | | | |
| 5-9 years | 77,996 | 74,894 | 152,890 | 3.02% | 2.90% | 5-9 years | | | | | | | |
| o-4 years | 76,319 | 73,262 | 149,581 | 2.96% | 2.84% | o-4 years | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 6% | 4% | 2% | 0% | 2% | 4% | 6% | |
| Total | 1,252,195 | 1,329,428 | 2,581,623 | 48.50% | 51.50% | Sources: ESRI BA | D; Miami DDA | | | | | | |

Sources: ESRI BAO; Synergos PopStats; Miami DDA



Migration

Miami continues to appeal to migrants from across the State and country as an attractive place to live and work. In total, 62,518 people moved to Miami-Dade County from elsewhere in the United States in 2012². About half of them came from elsewhere in the State of Florida, with 12,502 coming from elsewhere in the Miami Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). The largest source of out-of-state in-migrants was the New York MSA. In total, 7,134 people moved into Miami-Dade County from the New York MSA in 2012, representing about 11.4% of all in-migrants.

| Top 20 Sources of In-Migrants to Miami-Dade County | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| State | County | # of Annual In- Migrants | | | | |
| Florida | Broward County | 10,302 | | | | |
| Florida | Palm Beach County | 2,200 | | | | |
| New York | New York County | 1,763 | | | | |
| Florida | Orange County | 1,629 | | | | |
| Florida | Hillsborough County | 1,400 | | | | |
| New York | Kings County | 1,229 | | | | |
| Florida | Lee County | 1,016 | | | | |
| Florida | Monroe County | 912 | | | | |
| Florida | Alachua County | 760 | | | | |
| Florida | Leon County | 743 | | | | |
| New Jersey | Passaic County | 657 | | | | |
| Nevada | Clark County | 600 | | | | |
| Florida | Pinellas County | 568 | | | | |
| Florida | Polk County | 551 | | | | |
| California | Los Angeles County | 550 | | | | |
| Florida | St. Lucie County | 530 | | | | |
| Alaska | Anchorage Municipality | 514 | | | | |
| Florida | Martin County | 501 | | | | |
| Florida | Volusia County | 500 | | | | |
| New York | Queens County | 495 | | | | |

INTERESTING FACTS

NET MIGRATION

According to the 2008-2012 ACS, there were a total of 32,058 net migrants out of Miami-Dade County in 2012. About 30% of all out-migrants settled elsewhere in the Miami MSA.

FOREIGN-BORN

These numbers do not take into account international migration. A large portion of Miami-Dade County's population is foreign born, estimated at over 50% according to the U.S. Census Bureau.

Sources: 2008-2012 ACS; U.S. Census Bureau; Miami DDA

²Statistics from the 2008-2012 American Community Survey



Income

Income levels in Greater Downtown significantly surpass those in the City of Miami and in Miami-Dade County. Per capita income in Greater Downtown in 2014 was \$49,802, which is 88% higher than the city-wide figure and more than double that of the county. The median household income in Greater Downtown, at \$65,311, is more than double that of the city and 38% higher than the county-wide figure.

| Income Comparisons 2010 and 2014 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Greater D | owntown | cown City of Miami | | | de County | | | | | | |
| | 2010 | 2014 | 2010 | 2014 | 2010 | 2014 | | | | | | |
| Per Capita Income | \$39,135 | \$49,802 | \$20,886 | \$26,521 | \$23,304 | \$24,301 | | | | | | |
| Median Household Income | \$49,333 | \$65,311 | \$29,762 | \$31,235 | \$43,464 | \$47,243 | | | | | | |
| Average Household Income | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Sources: 2008-2012 ACS; Synergos PopStats; Miami DDA

Growth

Income growth has been exceptional in Greater Downtown. From 2010 to 2014, per capita incomes in Greater Downtown increased by 27.3%. Meanwhile, the median household income for Greater Downtown increased by 32.4%, nearly four times faster than Miami-Dade County and nearly seven times faster than the City of Miami. This rapid expansion in wealth is a strong indicator of Greater Downtown's powerful economic base and ability to attract educated professionals.

| Income Growth 2010-2014 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| % Change Greater Downtown City of Miami Miami-Dade County | | | | | | | | | |
| Per Capita Income | 27.3% | 27.0% | 4.3% | | | | | | |
| Median Household Income | 32.4% | 4.9% | 8.7% | | | | | | |
| Average Household Income | 23.5% | 16.8% | 5.0% | | | | | | |

Sources: 2008-2012 ACS; Synergos PopStats; Miami DDA

Concentration

The highest concentrations of wealth in Greater Downtown are in the urban core, showcasing its economic importance. The per capita income in the DDA in 2014 was \$60,557, more than double the figures for both the city and county. Within the DDA, Brickell has the highest incomes. Brickell's per capita income in 2014 was \$72,288 while its median household income was \$100,307, more than triple that of the City of Miami. All neighborhoods within the urban core have income levels that far exceed those of the City of Miami and Miami-Dade County.

| Incomes in Greater Downtown's Urban Core 2014 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | DDA | Brickell | CBD | Arts & Entertainment | | | | | | |
| Per Capita Income | \$60,557 | \$72,288 | \$44,161 | \$56,593 | | | | | | |
| Median Household Income | \$90,347 | \$100,307 | \$67,369 | \$77,977 | | | | | | |
| Average Household Income | \$109,317 | \$125,478 | \$80,472 | \$105,915 | | | | | | |

Sources: 2008-2012 ACS; Synergos PopStats; Miami DDA



Greater Downtown

The population of Greater Downtown has higher overall levels of educational attainment than the City of Miami and Miami-Dade County. Levels of higher education among residents of Greater Downtown are about twice as high as those generally in the city and county. Just over half of the population of Greater Downtown age 25 or older has at least a Bachelor's degree, compared to 25% of the City of Miami and 27% of Miami-Dade County. About 71% have at least some college education, substantially more than 43% for the city and 51% for the county. As large numbers of young professionals continue to move to Greater Downtown, we can expect educational attainment levels to continue to rise.

| Education | al Attainm | nent of the F | opulation | Age 25+ in | 2014 | |
|------------------------------|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Educational Attainment | Greater | Downtown | City o | f Miami | Miami-Da | de County |
| | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total |
| Less than 9th Grade | 4,338 | 7% | 55,091 | 18% | 206,102 | 12% |
| 9-12th Grade, No Diploma | 4,028 | 7% | 35,122 | 11% | 177,050 | 10% |
| High School Diploma | 9,081 | 15% | 79,823 | 26% | 448,121 | 25% |
| Some College, No Degree | 7,831 | 13% | 33,797 | 11% | 279,445 | 16% |
| Associate's Degree | 4,252 | 7% | 21,432 | 7% | 151,343 | 8% |
| Bachelor's Degree | 17,635 | 29% | 48,209 | 16% | 304,403 | 17% |
| Graduate/Professional Degree | 13,378 | 22% | 29,266 | 9% | 179,513 | 10% |
| Total | 61,775 | | 308,714 | | 1,790,954 | |

Sources: ESRI BAO; Synergos PopStats; Miami DDA

The Urban Core

Levels of educational attainment are highest in the urban core of Greater Downtown. About 60% of the DDA's population age 25 or older had at least a bachelor's degree, ranging from 45% in the CBD to 75% in Brickell. Around 80% of DDA residents have had at least some college education.

| Educatio | onal Attain | ment in the | Urban Co | re of the Po | pulation A | Age 25+ in 2 | 014 | |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|--------------|------------|--------------|--------|------------|
| Educational Attainment | Brickell | | C | BD | Arts and E | ntertainment | C | DA |
| | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total |
| Less than 9th Grade | 203 | 1% | 1,160 | 10% | 169 | 2% | 1,532 | 4% |
| 9-12th Grade, No Diploma | 177 | 1% | 794 | 7% | 368 | 4% | 1,339 | 4% |
| High School Diploma | 982 | 6% | 1,628 | 14% | 1,525 | 17% | 4,135 | 11% |
| Some College, No Degree | 1,799 | 11% | 1,346 | 12% | 1,567 | 17% | 4,712 | 13% |
| Associate's Degree | 910 | 5% | 1,074 | 9% | 794 | 9% | 2,778 | 7% |
| Bachelor's Degree | 7,053 | 41% | 3,333 | 29% | 2,321 | 25% | 12,707 | 34% |
| Graduate/Professional Degree | 5,708 | 34% | 1,794 | 16% | 2,397 | 26% | 9,899 | 26% |
| Total | 16,996 | | 11,502 | | 9,187 | | 37,685 | |

Sources: ESRI BAO; Synergos PopStats; Miami DDA



Appendix

Metropolitan Areas

Below is a comparison of the Miami Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) among a collection of the largest MSA's in the country. The Miami MSA consists of Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach counties.

| | Mic | ami | New | York | Los Ar | geles | Chic | ago | Hou | iston |
|----------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| MARKET SIZE | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total |
| Area (sq mi) | 6,137 | | 13,318 | | 4,850 | | 10,856 | | 10,062 | |
| Households | 2,146,052 | | 7,275,916 | | 4,301,569 | | 3,520,368 | | 2,194,565 | |
| Population | 5,722,514 | | 19,880,906 | | 13,064,201 | | 9,545,986 | | 6,316,454 | |
| per square mile | 932.5 | | 1,492.8 | | 2,693.6 | | 879.3 | | 627.8 | |
| per household | 2.67 | | 2.73 | | 3.04 | | 2.71 | | 2.88 | |
| Male | 2,773,045 | 48.5% | 9,601,031 | 48.3% | 6,454,963 | 49.4% | 4,669,847 | 48.9% | 3,141,659 | 49.7% |
| Female | 2,949,469 | 51.5% | 10,279,875 | 51.7% | 6,609,238 | 50.6% | 4,876,139 | 51.1% | 3,174,795 | 50.3% |
| Median Age | 40.6 | | 38.2 | | 35.5 | | 36.4 | | 33.8 | |
| Annual Growth Rate | 1.11% | | 0.53% | | 0.58% | | 0.29% | | 1.84% | |
| Diversity Index | 73.1 | | 75.6 | | 85.1 | | 70.5 | | 79.6 | |
| Hispanic | 2,455,351 | 43% | 4,738,943 | 24% | 5,921,178 | 45% | 2,101,165 | 22% | 2,349,645 | 37% |
| White (non-Hispanic) | 1,889,598 | 33% | 9,473,073 | 48% | 3,949,451 | 30% | 5,115,824 | 54% | 2,364,308 | 37% |
| Black (non-Hispanic) | 1,131,595 | 20% | 3,111,574 | 16% | 850,315 | 7% | 1,580,103 | 17% | 1,045,829 | 17% |
| Asian (non-Hispanic) | 138,407 | 2% | 2,074,314 | 10% | 1,967,922 | 15% | 576,394 | 6% | 438,655 | 7% |
| Other (non-Hispanic) | 107,563 | 2% | 483,002 | 2% | 375,335 | 3% | 172,500 | 2% | 118,017 | 2% |
| Population Age 25+ | 4,083,525 | | 13,772,430 | | 8,669,761 | | 6,361,391 | | 3,916,670 | |
| High School (Age 25+) | 980,046 | 24% | 3,167,659 | 23% | 1,560,557 | 18% | 1,399,506 | 22% | 783,334 | 20% |
| Higher Education (Age 25+) | 1,525,493 | 38% | 5,802,856 | 43% | 3,296,559 | 38% | 2,603,257 | 41% | 1,427,659 | 36% |

| MARKET STRENGTH | Miami | New York | Los Angeles | Chicago | Houston |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median Household Income | \$46,514 | \$64,600 | \$57,552 | \$59,558 | \$58,637 |
| Average Household Income | \$70,014 | \$95,011 | \$84,018 | \$83,371 | \$82,771 |
| Aggregate Household Income | \$150.2 Billion | \$691.3 Billion | \$361.4 Billion | \$293.5 Billion | \$181.2 Billion |

| | Mic | ami | New | York | Los Ar | ngeles | Chic | ago | Нои | ston |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| MARKET STABILITY | # | % of total |
| Owner Occupied (All Units) | 1,273,090 | 50% | 3,684,470 | 46% | 2,090,988 | 46% | 2,257,634 | 59% | 1,340,060 | 55% |
| Renter Occupied (All Units) | 872,962 | 35% | 3,591,446 | 45% | 2,210,581 | 48% | 1,262,734 | 33% | 854,505 | 35% |
| Vacant (All Units) | 380,728 | 15% | 654,582 | 8% | 270,344 | 6% | 325,555 | 8% | 236,783 | 10% |
| Median Home Value (All Units) | \$195,661 | | \$404,621 | | \$419,791 | | \$231,033 | | \$189,932 | |



Florida Cities

Below is a comparison of the City of Miami among other major cities in the State of Florida.

| MARKET SIZE | Mi | ami | Fort La | uderdale | West Pa | alm Beach | Jacks | onville | Orl | ando | Ta | mpa |
|----------------------------|----------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|
| MARKET SIZE | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total |
| Land Area (sq mi) | 35.7 | | 34.7 | | 55.1 | | 747.0 | | 102.4 | | 112.1 | |
| Households | 169,378 | | 75,872 | | 43,346 | | 331,278 | | 108,723 | | 141,186 | |
| Population | 423,747 | | 168,317 | | 101,109 | | 839,422 | | 253,867 | | 348,510 | |
| per square mile | 11,869.7 | | 4,850.6 | | 1,835.0 | | 1,123.7 | | 2,479.2 | | 3,108.9 | |
| per household | 2.50 | | 2.22 | | 2.33 | | 2.53 | | 2.33 | | 2.47 | |
| Male | 211,380 | 49.9% | 88,425 | 52.5% | 49,356 | 48.8% | 407,556 | 48.6% | 124,892 | 49.2% | 170,762 | 49.0% |
| Female | 212,364 | 50.1% | 79,892 | 47.5% | 51,753 | 51.2% | 431,867 | 51.4% | 128,974 | 50.8% | 177,746 | 51.0% |
| Median Age | 39.1 | | 43.2 | | 39.3 | | 36.1 | | 34.1 | | 35.1 | |
| Annual Growth Rate | 1.41% | | 1.14% | | 0.82% | | 0.63% | | 1.79% | | 0.97% | |
| Diversity Index | 67.7 | | 64.4 | | 74.0 | | 63.3 | | 75.8 | | 71.3 | |
| Hispanic | 295,141 | 70% | 25,445 | 15% | 25,081 | 25% | 75,892 | 9% | 70,888 | 28% | 85,527 | 25% |
| White (non-Hispanic) | 51,216 | 12% | 85,412 | 51% | 39,287 | 39% | 448,408 | 53% | 100,116 | 39% | 155,440 | 45% |
| Black (non-Hispanic) | 67,910 | 16% | 51,204 | 30% | 32,102 | 32% | 250,863 | 30% | 66,161 | 26% | 84,780 | 24% |
| Asian (non-Hispanic) | 4,673 | 1% | 2,726 | 2% | 2,440 | 2% | 38,210 | 5% | 9,079 | 4% | 13,459 | 4% |
| Other (non-Hispanic) | 4,808 | 1% | 3,530 | 2% | 2,199 | 2% | 26,050 | 3% | 7,623 | 3% | 9,304 | 3% |
| Population Age 25+ | 307,012 | | 126,981 | | 72,510 | | 554,100 | | 170,439 | | 223,878 | |
| High School (Age 25+) | 79,823 | 26% | 26,666 | 21% | 15,227 | 21% | 138,525 | 25% | 39,201 | 23% | 51,492 | 23% |
| Higher Education (Age 25+) | 98,907 | 32% | 51,507 | 41% | 27,355 | 38% | 189,821 | 34% | 71,784 | 42% | 93,748 | 41% |

| MARKET STRENGTH | Miami | Fort Lauderdale | West Palm Beach | Jacksonville | Orlando | Tampa |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Median Household Income | \$27,645 | \$47,157 | \$41,930 | \$46,142 | \$39,479 | \$41,422 |
| Annual Growth Rate | 3.95% | 3.50% | 3.75% | 3.01% | 3.45% | 3.86% |
| Average Household Income | \$47,974 | \$73,842 | \$61,862 | \$61,821 | \$57,082 | \$66,435 |
| Aggregate Household Income | \$8.1 Billion | \$5.6 Billion | \$2.7 Billion | \$20.5 Billion | \$6.2 Billion | \$9.4 Billion |

| MARKET STABILITY | Mi | iami | Fort La | uderdale | West Pa | ılm Beach | Jacks | onville | Orl | ando | Tai | mpa |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| MARKET STABILIT | # | % of total |
| Owner Occupied (All Units) | 47,842 | 24% | 37,522 | 39% | 20,186 | 36% | 190,633 | 51% | 40,604 | 32% | 66,884 | 41% |
| Renter Occupied (All Units) | 121,536 | 62% | 38,349 | 40% | 23,160 | 42% | 140,646 | 37% | 68,119 | 53% | 74,302 | 45% |
| Vacant (All Units) | 27,107 | 14% | 19,378 | 20% | 12,136 | 22% | 44,163 | 12% | 20,033 | 16% | 22,607 | 14% |
| Median Home Value (All Units) | \$221,723 | | \$216,845 | | \$169,195 | | \$151,718 | | \$175,366 | | \$174,673 | |



Greater Downtown and Surrounding Areas

Below is a comparison of Greater Downtown and surrounding areas within a one-mile, three-mile, and five-mile radius of the intersection of Flagler Street and Miami Avenue. This intersection is considered to be the center of Miami.

| MARKET SIZE | Greater I | Downtown | One-Mi | le Radius | Three-M | ile Radius | Five-Mi | le Radius |
|----------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------|
| MARKET SIZE | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total | # | % of total |
| Land Area (sq mi) | 3.8 | | 3.14 | | 31.41 | | 109.95 | |
| Households | 41,773 | | 28,362 | | 95,918 | | 196,059 | |
| Population | 80,750 | | 55,633 | | 224,470 | | 468,508 | |
| per square mile | 21,250.0 | | 17,717.5 | | 7,146.5 | | 4,261.1 | |
| per household | 1.93 | | 1.96 | | 2.34 | | 2.39 | |
| Male | 41,918 | 51.9% | 29,507 | 53.0% | 114,559 | 51.0% | 235,922 | 50.4% |
| Female | 38,832 | 48.1% | 26,126 | 47.0% | 109,912 | 49.0% | 232,587 | 49.6% |
| Median Age | 34.7 | | 34.8 | | 37.0 | | 38.1 | |
| Annual Growth Rate | 4.57% | | 2.78% | | 2.07% | | 1.58% | |
| Diversity Index | 71.8 | | 68.5 | | 64.6 | | 69.35 | |
| Hispanic | 43,720 | 54% | 34,934 | 63% | 165,375 | 74% | 303,485 | 65% |
| White (non-Hispanic) | 21,007 | 26% | 12,496 | 22% | 32,396 | 14% | 73,831 | 16% |
| Black (non-Hispanic) | 12,058 | 15% | 5,841 | 10% | 20,719 | 9% | 79,433 | 17% |
| Asian (non-Hispanic) | 2,214 | 3% | 1,411 | 3% | 3,239 | 1% | 5,999 | 1% |
| Other (non-Hispanic) | 1,751 | 2% | 950 | 2% | 2,740 | 1% | 5,759 | 1% |
| Population 25+ | 61,729 | | 43,347 | | 162,860 | | 339,700 | |
| High School (Age 25+) | 8,642 | 14% | 6,502 | 15% | 40,715 | 25% | 84,925 | 25% |
| Higher Education (Age 25+) | 35,657 | 59% | 22,865 | 54% | 59,044 | 36% | 121,521 | 35% |

| MARKET STRENGTH | Greater Downtown | One-Mile Radius | Three-Mile Radius | Five-Mile Radius |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Median Household Income | \$65,311 | \$29,656 | \$28,336 | \$30,193 |
| Average Household Income | \$95,928 | \$54,224 | \$51,053 | \$52,479 |
| Aggregate Household Income | \$4.17 Billion | \$1.54 Billion | \$4.90 Billion | \$10.29 Billion |

| MARKET STABILITY | Greater Downtown | One-Mile Radius Three-Mile Radius | | Five-Mile Radius |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| Owner Occupied Units | 22% | 17% | 23% | 29% |
| Renter Occupied Units | 78% | 83% | 77% | 71% |
| Median Home Value (All Units) | \$253,325 | \$245,819 | \$238,998 | \$229,772 |





Downtown Miami

Below are comparisons between the Miami Downtown Development Authority (DDA) area and its constituent neighborhoods of Brickell, the Central Business District (CBD) and the Arts and Entertainment District (A&E).

| MARKET SIZE | DDA | | Brickell | | CBD | | A&E | |
|----------------------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|
| | # | % of total |
| Land Area (sq mi) | 1.92 | | 0.43 | | 0.8 | | 0.69 | |
| Households | 26,642 | | 12,435 | | 7,482 | | 6,725 | |
| Population | 47,505 | | 21,525 | | 14,358 | | 11,622 | |
| per square mile | 24,742.2 | | 50,058.1 | | 17,947.5 | | 16,843.5 | |
| per household | 1.78 | | 1.73 | | 1.92 | | 1.73 | |
| Male | 25,381 | 53.4% | 10,915 | 50.7% | 8,324 | 58.0% | 6,142 | 52.8% |
| Female | 22,124 | 46.6% | 10,610 | 49.3% | 6,034 | 42.0% | 5,480 | 47.2% |
| Median Age | 34.1 | | 33.3 | | 35 | | 34.6 | |
| Annual Growth Rate | 6.68% | | 7.38% | | 6.22% | | 5.98% | |
| Diversity Index | 68.2 | | 62.3 | | 72.7 | | 71.3 | |
| Hispanic | 25,481 | 54% | 11,830 | 55% | 8,018 | 56% | 5,633 | 48% |
| White (non-Hispanic) | 15,348 | 32% | 7,763 | 36% | 3,422 | 24% | 4,163 | 36% |
| Black (non-Hispanic) | 3,859 | 8% | 649 | 3% | 2,152 | 15% | 1,058 | 9% |
| Asian (non-Hispanic) | 1,699 | 4% | 852 | 4% | 412 | 3% | 435 | 4% |
| Other (non-Hispanic) | 1,118 | 2% | 431 | 2% | 354 | 2% | 333 | 3% |
| Population (Age 25+) | 37,685 | | 16,996 | | 11,502 | | 9,187 | |
| High School (Age 25+) | 9,044 | 24% | 2,889 | 17% | 2,991 | 26% | 3,124 | 34% |
| Higher Education (Age 25+) | 25,249 | 67% | 13,597 | 80% | 6,211 | 54% | 5,512 | 60% |

| MARKET STRENGTH | DDA | Brickell CBD | | A&E |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median Household Income | \$90,347 | \$100,307 | \$67,369 | \$77,977 |
| Average Household Income | \$109,317 | \$125,478 | \$80,472 | \$105,915 |
| Aggregate Household Income | \$2.86 Billion | \$1.66 Billion | \$536.9 Million | \$660.6 Million |

| MARKET STABILITY | DDA | Brickell CBD | | A&E |
|----------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Owner Occupied 2014 | 22% | 26% | 18% | 24% |
| Renter Occupied 2014 | 78% | 74% | 82% | 76% |
| Median Home Value | \$276,508 | \$294,955 | \$201,064 | \$251,520 |

